

Specimen Label



Snapshot*

2.5TG

Specialty Herbicide

*Trademark of Dow AgroSciences LLC

A selective preemergence herbicide for control of certain broadleaf weeds and annual grasses in:

- Landscape Ornamentals
- Ground Covers / Perennials
- Christmas Tree Plantations
- Non-bearing Fruit and Nut Trees
- Container Grown Ornamentals
- Non-bearing Vineyards
- Field Grown Ornamentals
- Non-cropland

Active Ingredients:

trifluralin: α,α,α -trifluoro-2,6-dinitro- <i>N</i> , <i>N</i> -dipropyl- <i>p</i> -toluidine.....	2.0%
isoxaben: <i>N</i> -[3-(1-ethyl-1-methylpropyl)-5- isoxazolyl]-2,6-dimethoxybenzamide and isomers.....	0.5%
Inert Ingredients	97.5%
Total.....	100.0%

Contains 1.25 pounds active ingredient per 50 pound bag.

U.S. Patents 4,636,243 and 5,086,184.

EPA Reg. No. 62719-175

Keep Out of Reach of Children

CAUTION PRECAUCION

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

Precautionary Statements

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

Causes Moderate Eye Irritation • Harmful If Swallowed Or Inhaled • Prolonged Or Frequently Repeated Skin Contact May Cause Allergic Reaction In Some Individuals

Avoid breathing dust or spray mist and contact with eyes or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Shoes plus socks

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

Engineering Controls

When handlers use closed systems or enclosed cabs in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

User Safety Recommendations

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Users should remove PPE immediately after handling this product. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

First Aid

If in eyes: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a Poison Control Center or doctor for treatment advice.

If swallowed: Call a Poison Control Center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have a person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a Poison Control Center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

If inhaled: Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible. Call a Poison Control Center or doctor for further treatment advice.

Note: Have the product container or label with you when calling a Poison Control Center or doctor or going for treatment.

Environmental Hazards

This pesticide is extremely toxic to freshwater marine, and estuarine fish and aquatic invertebrates including shrimp and oyster. Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not apply in a manner which will directly expose canals, lakes, streams, ponds, marshes or estuaries to aerial drift. Do not contaminate water when cleaning equipment or disposing of equipment washwaters.

Notice: Read the entire label. Use only according to label directions. **Before buying or using this product, read "Warranty Disclaimer" and "Limitation of Remedies" elsewhere on this label.**

In case of emergency endangering health or the environment involving this product, call 1-800-992-5994. If you wish to obtain additional product information, visit our web site at www.dowagro.com.

Agricultural Chemical: Do not ship or store with food, feeds, drugs or clothing.

Directions for Use

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Read all Directions for Use carefully before applying.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your state or tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

Agricultural Use Requirements

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements of this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), and restricted entry interval. The requirements in the box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- Coveralls
- Waterproof gloves
- Shoes plus socks

Non-Agricultural Use Requirements

The requirements of this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.

For applications in landscape settings and in non-cropland sites, do not enter or allow others to enter the treated area until dusts have settled.

Storage and Disposal

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

Storage: Store in original container only. In case of spill, contain material and dispose as waste.

Pesticide Disposal: Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

Container Disposal: Completely empty bag into application equipment. Then dispose of empty bag in a sanitary landfill or by incineration, in accordance with applicable regulations, or if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

General Instructions and Information

Snapshot* 2.5 TG herbicide is a preemergence product for control of certain broadleaf weeds and annual grasses in container and landscape ornamentals, nursery stock, Christmas trees, ground covers/perennials, non-bearing fruit and nut trees, non-bearing vineyards and non-cropland areas. Apply Snapshot 2.5 TG anytime prior to germination of target weeds, or immediately after cultivation. Length of weed control will vary with rate of Snapshot 2.5 TG applied, weed population, potting media or soil conditions, temperature, watering regime, and other factors. Following application, user should monitor and observe level of weed control over time to determine when additional applications may be needed.

General Use Precautions and Restrictions

In Arizona: The state of Arizona has not approved Snapshot* 2.5 TG specialty herbicide for use on plants grown for agricultural/commercial production; such as on Christmas tree plantations, container grown or field grown ornamentals, non-bearing fruit and nut trees and non-bearing vineyards.

Snapshot 2.5 TG controls weeds growing from seed. Snapshot 2.5 TG does not control established weeds, weeds growing from stolens, rhizomes, or root pieces. Existing weeds should be controlled by cultivation or with postemergence herbicides. Weed residues, prunings and trash should be removed or thoroughly mixed into soil prior to treatment. Soil should be in good condition and free of clods at the time of application. A single rainfall or sprinkler irrigation of 0.5 inches or more, or flood irrigation is required to activate Snapshot 2.5 TG. Optimum weed control is obtained when Snapshot 2.5 TG is activated within 3 days of application. If rainfall or irrigation does not occur within 3 days of application and tillage is possible, Snapshot 2.5 TG may be activated using cultivation equipment capable of uniformly mixing the herbicide into the upper 1-2 inches of soil. Failure to activate Snapshot 2.5 TG within 3 days of application may result in erratic control of annual grasses. Do not apply when wind conditions favor drift of Snapshot 2.5 TG granules from the target area.

Repeat applications at 150 pounds per acre and higher should not be made sooner than 60 days after a previous application of Snapshot 2.5 TG. Do not apply over 600 pounds per acre total of Snapshot 2.5 TG within a 12 month period.

Tolerance of Turfgrass Adjacent to Ornamental Plantings: Accidental application to turf may occur when applying Snapshot 2.5 TG to ornamental plantings. Snapshot 2.5TG is not recommended for weed control in turfgrasses, but turfgrasses are generally tolerant to small amounts of this product that fall outside of the intended area of application.

Do not aerially apply Snapshot 2.5TG.

Treatment Species Not Listed on the Label for Snapshot 2.5 TG

Users who wish to use Snapshot 2.5 TG on plant species not recommended on this label may determine the suitability for use by treating a small number of such plants at a recommended rate. Prior to treatment of larger areas, the treated plants should be observed for any sign of herbicidal injury for during 30 to 60 days of normal growing conditions to determine if the treatment is safe to the target plant species. The user assumes responsibility for any plant damage or other liability resulting from use of Snapshot 2.5 TG on plant species not recommended on this label.

Application Instructions

Apply Snapshot 2.5 TG using a drop or rotary-type spreader designed to apply granular herbicides or insecticides. Calibrate application equipment prior to use according to manufacturer's directions. Check frequently to be sure equipment is working properly and distributing granules uniformly. Do not use spreaders that apply material in narrow concentrated bands. Avoid skips or overlaps as poor weed control or crop injury may occur. More uniform application may be achieved by spreading half of the required amount of product over the area and then applying the remaining half in swaths at right angles to the first.

Application Techniques for Applying Snapshot 2.5 TG

- When using a drop-type spreader, a splash board mounted under the hopper will provide more even granule distribution.
- A chain fastened to the side of the spreader and allowed to drag on the soil surface can be used to mark the edge of the treated swath and help prevent skips or overlaps.
- For treating smaller areas or rows of nursery stock or ornamental beds, a hand held or push-type rotary applicator such as a whirlybird or cyclone unit is recommended. For hand held units, walk and turn the crank at a constant rate of speed.
- A shaker-type applicator made from a small container with holes punched in the bottom is recommended for small, difficult to treat areas. Carefully measure the amount of product needed to avoid over application.
- The weight-to-volume conversion table below provides equivalent amounts of Snapshot 2.5 TG.

Snapshot 2.5 TG Broadcast Rates

Rate	Amount/1000 sq ft		Amount/100 sq ft	
	lb/Acre	(lb)	(quarts)	(cups)
100	2.30	1.75	0.23	0.7
150	3.45	2.60	0.35	1.0
200	4.60	3.50	0.46	1.4

One pound of Snapshot 2.5 TG = 0.75 quart = 3 cups

Spreader Settings as a Guide for Calibration

Note: These settings are provided as a suggested starting point in calibrating each individual spreader. Since no two spreaders are alike, these settings are not intended to be used as absolute recommendations by Dow AgroSciences or the spreader manufacturer.

Speed (mph)	Settings for Warren T-7 II Spreader		
	Target Rate Of Snapshot 2.5 TG		
	100 lb/acre	150 lb/acre	200 lb/acre
2.0	2-1/2	3-1/4	3-3/4
2.5	3	3-1/2	4-1/4
3.0	3-1/4	4	5

Warren spreader settings are displayed in half-number increments only. The suggested settings that indicate quarter settings can be accomplished by placing the calibration arm between the half number marks on the spreader.

Weeds Controlled or Suppressed by Snapshot 2.5 TG

Weeds Controlled When Applied at 100 lb/acre (2.3 lb/1000 sq ft)

Common Name

aster, slender
 barnyardgrass
 bluegrass, annual
 bursage, annual
 celery, wild
 chickweed, common
 clover white
 crabgrass
 cudweed, purple
 cupgrass, southwestern
 fiddleneck, coast
 filaree, redstem
 fleabane, blackleaved
 fleabane, dwarf
 foxtail, yellow
 groundcherry, lanceleaf
 henbit
 horseweed
 junglerice
 knotweed, prostrate
 lambsquarters, common
 mallow, little
 mustard, Indian
 mustard, wild
 nightshade, black
 oat, wild
 panicum, fall
 pepperweed, Virginia
 pigweed
 pineappleweed
 plantain, slender
 purslane, common
 radish, wild
 ragweed, common
 rocket, London
 rockpurslane, desert
 shepherdspurse
 sibara
 smartweed, Pennsylvania
 sowthistle, annual
 speedwell, purslane
 sprangletop, Mexican
 telegraphplant
 thistle, Russian
 witchgrass

Scientific Name

Aster exilis
Echinochloa crus-galli
Poa annua
Ambrosia acanthicarpa
Apium leptophyllum
Stellaria media
Trifolium repens
Digitaria spp.
Gnaphalium purpureum
Eriochloa gracilis
Amsinckia intermedia
Erodium cicutarium
Conyza bonariensis
Conyza ramosissima
Setaria glauca
Physalis lanceifolia
Lamium amplexicaule
Conyza canadensis
Echinochloa colonum
Polygonum aviculare
Chenopodium album
Malva parviflora
Brassica juncea
Sinapis arvensis
Solanum nigrum
Avena fatua
Panicum
dichotomiflorum
Lepidium virginicum
Amaranthus spp.
Matricaria
matricarioides
Plantago elongata
Portulaca oleracea
Raphanus raphanistrum
Ambrosia artemisiifolia
Sisymbrium irio
Calandrinia ciliata
Capsella bursa-pastoris
Sibara virginica
Polygonum
pennsylvanicum
Sonchus oleraceus
Veronica peregrina
Leptochloa univervia
Heterotheca grandiflora
Salsola iberica
Panicum capillare

In Addition to the Weeds Listed at the 100 lb/acre Rate, the Following Weeds Will Be Controlled at 150 lb/acre (3.5 lb/1000 sq ft)

Common Name	Scientific Name
aster, heath	<i>Aster ericoides</i>
bittercress	<i>Cardamine oligosperma</i>
bittercress, hairy	<i>Cardamine hirsuta</i>
brassbuttons, southern	<i>Cotula australis</i>
carrot, wild	<i>Daucus carota</i>
chamberbitter	<i>Phyllanthus urinaria</i>
chickweed, mouseear	<i>Cerastium vulgatum</i>
dandelion	<i>Taraxacum officinale</i>
eclipta	<i>Eclipta prostrata</i>
foxtail, giant	<i>Setaria faberi</i>
galinsoga, hairy	<i>Galinsoga ciliata</i>
geranium, Carolina	<i>Geranium carolinianum</i>
groundsel, common	<i>Senecio vulgaris</i>
ladysthumb	<i>Polygonum persicaria</i>
lettuce, prickly	<i>Lactuca serriola</i>
lovegrass	<i>Eragrostis</i> spp.
mallow, dwarf	<i>Malva rotundifolia</i>
marestail	<i>Hippuris vulgaris</i>
mayweed	<i>Anthemis cotula</i>
morningglory, ivyleaf	<i>Ipomoea hederacea</i>
mustard, black	<i>Brassica nigra</i>
pennywort	<i>Hydrocotyle</i> spp.
phyllanthus, long-stalk	<i>Phyllanthus tenellus</i>
plantain, bracted	<i>Plantago aristata</i>
plantain, broadleaf	<i>Plantago major</i>
plantain, buckhorn	<i>Plantago lanceolata</i>
pokeweed, common	<i>Phytolacca americana</i>
rockpurslane, redmaids	<i>Calandrinia ciliata</i> var. <i>menziesii</i>
ryegrass, annual	<i>Lolium multiflorum</i>
sida, prickly	<i>Sida spinosa</i>
sorrell, red	<i>Rumex acetosella</i>
speedwell, thymeleaf	<i>Veronica serpyllifolia</i>
spurge, hyssop	<i>Euphorbia hyssopifolia</i>
spurge, spotted	<i>Euphorbia maculata</i>
sweetclover, yellow	<i>Melilotus officinalis</i>
tansymustard, green	<i>Descurainia pinnata</i>
velvetleaf	<i>Abutilon theophrasti</i>
woodsorrel, yellow	<i>Oxalis stricta</i>

In Addition to the Weeds Listed at the 100 lb/acre and 150 lb/acre Rates, the Following Weeds Will Be Controlled at 200 lb/acre (4.6 lb/1000 sq ft)

Common Name	Scientific Name
barley, hare	<i>Hordeum leporinum</i>
bromegrass	<i>Bromus</i> spp.
burclover, California	<i>Medicago polymorpha</i>
cheat	<i>Brumus secalinus</i>
datura	<i>Datura</i> spp.
dogfennel	<i>Eupatorium capillifolium</i>
eveningprimrose	<i>Oenothera</i> spp.
fescue, rattail	<i>Vulpia myuros</i>

filaree, whitestem
goosefoot, nettleleaf
goosegrass
jimsonweed
knotweed, silversheath

kochia
medic, black
mullein, turkey
nettle, burning
nettle, stinging
ox tongue, bristly
pimpernel, scarlet
sandbur, field
signalgrass
sowthistle, spiny
spurge, petty
spurge, prostrate
stinkgrass
sunflower
swinecress
thistle, musk
willoweed, panicle
woodsorrel, creeping

Erodium moschatum
Chenopodium murale
Eleusine indica
Datura stramonium
Polygonum argyrocoleon
Kochia scoparia
Medicago lupulina
Eremocarpus setigerus
Urtica urens
Urtica dioica
Picris echioides
Anagallis arvensis
Cenchrus incertus
Brachiaria spp.
Sonchus asper
Euphorbia peplus
Euphorbia humistrata
Eragrostis cilianensis
Helianthus spp.
Coronopus didymus
Carduus nutans
Epilobium paniculatum
Oxalis corniculata

In Addition to the Weeds Controlled, the Following Weeds Will Be Partially Controlled or Suppressed at 200 lb/acre (4.6 lb/1000 sq ft)

Common Name	Scientific Name
bindweed, field	<i>Convolvulus arvensis</i>
carpetweed	<i>Mollugo verticillata</i>
dock, curly	<i>Rumex crispus</i>
johnsongrass (seedling)	<i>Sorghum halepense</i>
mallow, Venice	<i>Hibiscus trionum</i>
milkweed, honeyvine	<i>Ampelamus albidus</i>
morningglory, tall	<i>Ipomoea purpurea</i>
panicum, Texas	<i>Panicum texanum</i>
pusley, Florida	<i>Richardia scabra</i>
shattercane	<i>Sorghum bicolor</i>

Labeled Uses

Ornamental Plantings

Snapshot 2.5 TG is recommended as a preemergence treatment for control of certain broadleaf weeds and annual grasses in container grown ornamentals, landscape ornamentals, field grown ornamentals, ground covers/perennials, Christmas trees, non-bearing fruit and nut crops, and non-bearing vineyards. Apply Snapshot 2.5 TG anytime prior to germination of target weeds, or immediately after cultivation.

Refer to the "General Information" section of this label for General Use Precautions and information on application, application rates and weeds controlled.

Special Use Precautions

- To avoid possible injury, do not apply Snapshot 2.5 TG to:
- nursery, forest, or Christmas tree: seedling beds, cutting beds, or transplant beds.
 - nursery seedbeds or forest or Christmas tree seedling transplant beds.
 - unrooted liners or cuttings that have been planted in pots for the first time.
 - pots less than four inches wide.
 - bedding plants or areas where bedding plants will be planted or transplanted within one year following application.
 - ground covers until they are established and well rooted.

Do not apply Snapshot 2.5 TG to newly transplanted ornamentals, nursery stock, Christmas trees, ground covers, non-bearing fruit and nut trees and non-bearing vineyards until soil or potting media has been settled by packing and irrigation or rainfall and no cracks are present or injury may occur.

Repeat applications at 150 pounds per acre and higher should not be made sooner than 60 days after a previous application of Snapshot 2.5 TG. Do not apply over 600 pounds per acre total of Snapshot 2.5 TG within a 12 month period.

Where loss of stand has occurred in field grown ornamentals, use untreated soil as fill around roots when replacing plants or injury may occur.

Note: Injury on the following plant species has been observed following applications of Snapshot 2.5 TG and use is not recommended.

- Ajuga* spp. (bugle)
- Brassica* spp. (mustard)
- Euonymus alatus 'compacta'* (dwarf burning bush)
- Euphorbia* spp. (spurge)
- Hydrangea* spp. (hydrangea)
- Iberis* spp. (candytuft)
- Juniperus horizontalis 'Prince of Wales'* (Prince of Wales juniper)
- Malaleuca quinquenervia* (cajeput tree)
- Rhododendron carolinianum* (Carolina rhododendron)
- Rhododendron catawbiense 'Roseum elegans'* (Roseum elegans rhododendron)
- Sedum* spp. (stonecrop)
- Yucca recurvifolia* (green yucca)

Snapshot 2.5 TG May Be Used On The Following Established Plant Species

(Note: Limitations on recommended treatment methods)

Trees		Recommended Treatment Method:	
		C = Container Grown	
		F = Field Grown	
Scientific Name	Common Name		
<i>Abies balsamea</i>	Fir, balsam	C, F	
<i>Abies concolor</i>	Fir, white	F	
<i>Abutilon hybridum</i>	Albus-flowering maple	C, F	
	Luteus-flowering maple	C, F	
	Roseus-flowering maple	C, F	
	Tangerine-flowering maple	C, F	
	Vesuvius red-flowering maple	F	
<i>Acer ginnmala</i>	Flame maple	F	

<i>Acer rubrum</i>	Red maple	F
	Red sunset maple	F
<i>Acer saccharinum</i>	Silver maple	C, F
<i>Alsophila australis</i>	Australian tree fern	C, F
<i>Areacastrum romanzoffianum</i>	Queen palm	C, F
<i>Betula nigra</i>	Birch, river	C, F
<i>Betula papyrifera</i>	Paper birch	F
<i>Brachychiton populneus</i>	Bottle tree	C, F
<i>Bucida buceras</i>	Black olive	F
<i>Ceratonia siliqua</i>	Carob	F
<i>Cercis canadensis</i>	Redbud	C, F
<i>Chamaecyparis obtusa</i>	Filicoides-fernspray cypress	F
<i>Chamaecyparis obtusa</i>	Gracilis-slender Hinoki cypress	F
<i>Chamaecyparis pisifera</i>	Sawara-false cypress	F
	Squarrosa-moss cypress	F
<i>Chamaedorea cataractarum</i>	Cat Palm	F
	Palm	C, F
<i>Chamaedorea costaricana</i>	Palm	C, F
<i>Chamaedorea elegans</i>	Parlor palm	C, F
<i>Cornus florida</i>	Cloud nine dogwood	C, F
	Dogwood, flowering	C, F
<i>Crataegus viridis</i>	Green hawthorn	F
<i>Cryptomeria japonica</i>	Cryptomeria, Japanese	C, F
<i>Cupaniopsis anacardioides</i>	Carrot wood	F
<i>Cupressus glabra</i>	Arizona cypress	F
<i>Cupressus sempervirens</i>	Italian cypress	C, F
<i>Dicksonia antarctica</i>	Tasmanian tree fern	C, F
<i>Elaeagnus angustifolia</i>	Russian olive	C, F
<i>Eucalyptus camaldulensis</i>	Red gum eucalyptus	F
<i>Eucalyptus cinerea</i>	Eucalyptus, mealy	F
	Silver dollar eucalyptus	F
<i>Eucalyptus microtheca</i>	Coolibah tree	C, F
<i>Eucalyptus sideroxylon</i>	Eucalyptus, red ironbark	F
<i>Ficus benjamina</i>	Ficus	C, F
	Mini ficus	C, F
<i>Fraxinus udhei</i>	Shamel ash	C, F
<i>Ginkgo biloba</i>	Ginkgo (Maidenhair tree)	F
<i>Gleditsia triacanthos</i>	Honey locust	F
	Shademaster honey locust	F
<i>Heteromeles arbutiflora</i>	Toyon	F
<i>Illicium floridanum</i>	Florida anise-tree	C, F
<i>Juniperus virginiana</i>	Redcedar, Eastern	C, F
<i>Liquidambar styraciflua</i>	Sweetgum, American	F
<i>Magnolia grandiflora</i>	Magnolia, Southern	C, F
<i>Morus alba</i>	White mulberry	F
<i>Musa aluminata</i>	Banana	C, F
<i>Oxydendrum arboreum</i>	Sourwood	C, F
<i>Picea abies</i>	Pendula-weeping Norway spruce	C, F
	Repens-spreading Norway spruce	C, F
	Spruce, Norway	C, F
<i>Picea glauca</i>	Conica-dwarf Alberta spruce	C, F
<i>Picea glauca conica</i>	Dwarf Alberta spruce	F
<i>Picea pungens</i>	Dwarf globe blue spruce	C, F
	Glauca-Colorado blue spruce	C, F
	Hoopsii-Hoop's blue spruce	C, F
	Koster-Koster blue spruce	F
<i>Pinus aristata</i>	Bristlecone pine	F
<i>Pinus canariensis</i>	Canary Island pine	F
<i>Pinus contorta</i>	Shore pine, beach pine	F

<i>Pinus eldarica</i>	Eldarica pine	C, F	<i>Bougainvillea</i> spp.	Barbara Karst	C, F
<i>Pinus leucodermis</i>	Bosnian pine	C, F		California gold	C, F
<i>Pinus mugo</i>	Pumilio-shrubby swiss mountain pine	C, F		Pink pixie	C, F
<i>Pinus nigra</i>	Austrian black pine	C, F		Scarlet O'Hara	C, F
<i>Pinus radiata</i>	Monterey pine	F		Temple fire	C, F
<i>Pinus strobus</i>	Eastern white pine	C, F	<i>Buxus microphylla japonica</i>	Texas dawn	C, F
<i>Pinus strobus</i>	white pine	C, F	<i>Buxus microphylla Koreana</i>	Boxwood, Japanese	C, F
<i>Pinus sylvestris</i>	Columnar Scotch pine	C, F	<i>Buxus sempervirens</i>	Korean boxwood	F
	Scotch pine	C, F	<i>Callistemon citrinus</i>	Boxwood, common	C, F
<i>Pinus thunbergiana</i>	Japanese black pine	C, F	<i>Callistemon viminalis</i>	Bottlebrush, lemon	F
<i>Platanus occidentalis</i>	American sycamore	F	<i>Calluna vulgaris</i>	Weeping bottlebrush	C, F
<i>Platanus racemosa</i>	Californina sycamore	F	<i>Camellia japonica</i>	spring torch scotch heather	C, F
<i>Podocarpus</i> spp.	Podocarpus	F	<i>Cassia artemisioides</i>	Camellia	C, F
<i>Populus deltoides</i>	Cottonwood	F	<i>Ceanothus</i> spp.	Cassia, feathery	C, F
<i>Prosopis chilensis</i>	Chilean mesquite	C, F	<i>Cephalotaxus drupacae</i>	Wild lilac	F
<i>Prunus yedoensis</i>	Yoshino flowering cherry	F	<i>Cerastium tomentosum</i>	Plum yew	C, F
<i>Quercus ilicifolia</i>	Bear oak	F	<i>Chamaecyparis obtusa</i>	Snow-in-summer	C, F
<i>Quercus palustris</i>	Pin oak	F		Kosteri cypress	C, F
<i>Quercus phellos</i>	Willow oak	C, F		Nana-dwarf Hinoki cypress	C, F
<i>Quercus rubra</i>	Red oak	C, F	<i>Chamaecyparis pisifera</i>	Torulosa cypress	C, F
<i>Quercus virginiana</i>	Live oak	C, F		baileyi-dogwood	F
<i>Salix babylonica</i>	Babylon weeping willow	F		Flaviramea-dogwood	F
	Corkscrew willow	F	<i>Chamaecyparis pisifera</i> spp.	Squarrosa Minima cypress	C, F
<i>Sequoiadendron giganteum</i>	Giant sequoia	F	<i>Chrysalidocarpus lutescens</i>	Filifera-thread cypress	C, F
<i>Swietenia mahogani</i>	Mahogany	F	<i>Clethra alnifolia</i>	Areca palm	F
<i>Tabebuia caraiba</i>	Yellow tab	F	<i>Cleyera japonica</i>	Summersweet	C, F
<i>Tsuga canadensis</i>	Eastern hemlock	C, F	<i>Coleonema pulchrum</i>	Cleyera, Japanese	C, F
<i>Ulmus parvifolia</i>	Chinese elm	F	<i>Cornus alba</i>	Pink breath of heaven	C, F
<i>Washingtonia robusta</i>	Mexican fan palm	F	<i>Cornus stolonifera</i>	Sibirica-Siberian dogwood	C, F
				Baileyi-red-osier dogwood	F
			<i>Cotinus coggygria</i>	Flaviramea-yellowtwig dogwood	F
			<i>Cotinus dammeri</i>	Royal purple smoke tree	C, F
				Coral beauty smoke tree	C, F
				Eichholz smoke tree	C, F
			<i>Cotoneaster adpressus</i>	Praecox-early cotoneaster	C, F
			<i>Cotoneaster apiculatus</i>	Cotoneaster, cranberry	C, F
			<i>Cotoneaster congestus</i>	Cotoneaster, Pyrenees	C, F
			<i>Cotoneaster dammeri</i>	Cotoneaster, bearberry	C, F
			<i>Cotoneaster himalayan</i>	Himalayan cotoneaster	C, F
			<i>Cotoneaster horizontalis</i>	Cotoneaster, rock	C, F
			<i>Cotoneaster opiculata</i>	Cotoneaster	C, F
			<i>Cycas revoluta</i>	Sago palm	C, F
			<i>Cytisus praecox</i>	Hollandia-warminster broom	C, F
			<i>Cytisus scoparius</i>	Lena-Scotch broom	C, F
			<i>Cytisus</i> spp.	Holandia-Scotch broom	F
			<i>Daphne odora</i>	Fragrant daphne	C, F
			<i>Deutzia crenata</i>	Nakiana-dwarf deutzia	C, F
			<i>Deutzia gracilis</i>	Slender gracilis	C, F
			<i>Dodonea viscosa</i>	Hopseed bush	F
			<i>Elaeagnus pungens</i>	Fruitland silver berry	C, F
			<i>Erica cinerea</i>	Purple bell heather	C, F
			<i>Erica vagans</i>	Cornish heather	C, F
			<i>Erica x darleyensa</i>	Mediterranean pink heather	C, F
			<i>Euonymus fortunei</i>	Canadale gold euonymus	C, F
				Emerald'n gold euonymus	F
				Sunspot euonymus	C, F
			<i>Euonymus japonica</i>	Silver king euonymus	F
				Variegated evergreen	C, F
				euonymus	

Shrubs

Recommended Treatment Method

C = Container Grown

F = Field Grown

Scientific Name

Common Name

<i>Abelia grandiflora</i>	Edward Goucher abelia	C, F			
	Glossy abelia	C, F			
<i>Acacia abyssinica</i>	Abyssinica acacia	C, F			
<i>Acacia redolens</i>	Acacia, prostrate	C, F			
<i>Acacia stenophylla</i>	Shoestring acacia	C, F			
<i>Acalypha wilkesiana</i>	Copper leaf	C, F			
<i>Acer ginnala</i>	Amur maple	C, F			
<i>Acer palmatum</i>	Coral bark Japanese maple	C, F			
	Dwarf Japanese maple	C, F			
<i>Agave americana</i>	Century plant	F			
<i>Anisodonteia hypomandarum</i>	Cape mallow	C, F			
<i>Astilbe arendsii</i>	false spiraea	C, F			
<i>Astilbe chinensis</i>	Astilbe/false spirea	C, F			
<i>Athyrium nipponicum</i>	Japanese painted fern	C, F			
<i>Baccharis pilularis</i>	coyotebush	F			
<i>Berberis gladwynensis</i>	William Penn barberry	C, F			
<i>Berberis mentorensis</i>	Mentor barberry	C, F			
<i>Berberis thunbergii</i>	Aurea-golden Japanese barberry	F			
	Crimson pygmy barberry	C, F			
	Rose glow barberry	C, F			
	Atropurea-redleaf Japanese barberry	F			

<i>Euonymus kiatschovica</i>	Spreading euonymus	C, F	<i>Juniperus procumbens</i>	Nana-dwarf Japaneses garden juniper	C, F
<i>Euonymus vegetus</i>	Bigleaf wintercreeper	C, F			
<i>Fatsia japonica</i>	Japanese aralia	C, F	<i>Juniperus prostrata</i>	Prostrata juniper	C, F
<i>Forsythia intermedia</i>	Forsythia, border	C, F	<i>Juniperus sabina</i>	Broadmoor juniper	C, F
<i>Gardenia jasminoides</i>	August beauty gardenia	C, F		Foemina-Hicks juniper	C, F
	Gardenia	C, F		Savin juniper	C, F
	Radican gardenia	C, F		Tamariscifolia-Tam juniper	C, F
<i>Gaultheria shallon</i>	Salal/lemon leaf	C, F	<i>Juniperus scopulorum</i>	Emerald green juniper	F
<i>Gelsemium sempervirens</i>	Carolina jessamine	C, F	<i>Juniperus squamata</i>	Blue juniper	C, F
<i>Genista pilosa</i>	Woadwaxen	C, F		Blue star juniper	C, F
<i>Hibiscus rosa-sinensis</i>	Ross Estey-hibiscus	C, F		Parsonii juniper	C, F
<i>Hibiscus syriacus</i>	Rose of Sharon,Red Bird	C, F	<i>Kalmia latifolia</i>	Laurel, mountain	C, F
	Rose of Sharon,Red Heart	F	<i>Lagerstroemia indica</i>	Crape myrtle	C, F
	Rose of Sharon,Woodbridge	C, F	<i>Lantana spp.</i>	Lantana	C, F
<i>Ilex aquifolium</i>	Balkans holly	F	<i>Lavandula angustifolia</i>	English lavender	C, F
	Gold coast holly	F	<i>Lavandula latifolia</i>	English spike lavender	C, F
<i>Ilex aquipernyi</i>	San Jose holly	C, F	<i>Leucothoe axillaris</i>	Leucothoe, coast	C, F
<i>Ilex attenuata</i>	Savannah holly	C, F	<i>Leucothoe fontanesiana</i>	Leucothoe, drooping	C, F
<i>Ilex cornuta</i>	Burford holly	C, F	<i>Ligustrum japonicum</i>	Privet, Japanese wax ligustrum	C, F
	dwarf Burford holly	C, F		wax ligustrum	C, F
	needle point holly	C, F		yellow tip ligustrum	C, F
<i>Ilex crenata</i>	Compacta-dwarf Japanese holly	C, F	<i>Ligustrum lucidum</i>	Privet, glossy	C, F
			<i>Ligustrum ovalifolium</i>	California privet	F
<i>Ilex crenata</i>	Convexa holly	C, F	<i>Ligustrum texanum</i>	Howardi privet	C, F
	Dwarf Chinese holly	C, F		wax leaf privet	C, F
	Green luster holly	C, F	<i>Ligustrum vicaryi</i>	Privet, golden	F
	Helleri-Heller's Japanese holly	C, F		Vicary golden privet	F
	Hetzii's Japanese holly	C, F	<i>Ligustrum vulgare</i>	Lodense privet	C, F
	Stokesii Japanese holly	C, F	<i>Livistona chinensis</i>	Chinese fountain palm	F
<i>Ilex glabra</i>	compacta-compact inkberry holly	C, F	<i>Lonicera fragrantissima</i>	Winter honeysuckle	C, F
			<i>Lonicera periclymenum</i>	Flowering woodbine	C, F
	Nordica-inkberry holly	C, F		Serotina woodbine	C, F
<i>Ilex meserveae</i>	Blue boy holly	C, F	<i>Lonicera sempervirens</i>	Trumpet honeysuckle	C, F
	Blue girl holly	C, F	<i>Lorpetalum chinense</i>	(No common name)	C, F
	Ebony magic holly	F	<i>Mahonia bealei</i>	Leather leaf mahonia	C, F
<i>Ilex vomitoria</i>	Nana-dwarf yaupon holly	C, F	<i>Mahonia repens</i>	Creeping mahonia	C, F
	Pendula-weeping yaupon holly	C, F	<i>Myrica cerifera</i>	Wax myrtle	C, F
	yaupon holly	C, F	<i>Nandina domestica</i>	Compacta-dwarf heavenly bamboo	C, F
<i>Illicium annisatum</i>	Mystery gardenia	C, F		Harbour dwarf-heavenly bamboo	C, F
<i>Itea ilicifolia</i>	Henry Garnet holly leaf sweetspire	C, F		Heavenly bamboo (Nandina)	C, F
<i>Ixora collinea</i>	Ixora	C, F		Nana compacta-heavenly bamboo	C, F
<i>Juniperus chinensis</i>	hollywood juniper	C, F		Nana purpurea-heavenly bamboo	C, F
	Media-old gold juniper	C, F		Woods dwarf-heavenly bamboo	C, F
	pfitzer juniper	C, F	<i>Nerium oleander</i>	Hardy red oleander	C, F
	Pfizerana glauca-blue juniper	C, F		Oleander	C, F
	Pfizerana-pfizer juniper	C, F		Ruby lace oleander	C, F
	Sea green juniper	F	<i>Osmanthus fortunei</i>	Fortunes osmanthus	C, F
<i>Juniperus conferta</i>	Torulosa-hollywood juniper	C, F	<i>Pachysandra terminalis</i>	Japanese spurge	C, F
	Emerald sea shore juniper	C, F	<i>Phoenix roeloenii</i>	Pigmy date palm	C, F
	Shore juniper	C, F	<i>Photinia fraseri</i>	Fraser's photinia	C, F
<i>Juniperus horizontalis</i>	Andorra juniper	C, F	<i>Pieris japonica</i>	Lily-of-the-valley	C, F
	Bar Harbor juniper	C, F		Mountain fire lily-of-the-valley	C, F
	Blue rug juniper	C, F		Snowdrift lily-of-the-valley	C, F
	Creeping juniper	C, F		Temple bells lily-of-the-valley	C, F
	Dwarf Andorra juniper	C, F		Valley rose lily-of-the-valley	C, F
	Huntington blue juniper	C, F		Valley valentine lily-of-the-valley	C, F
	Plumosa-Andorra juniper	C, F			
	Wiltonii-blue carpet juniper	C, F			

<i>Pieris japonica x forestii</i>	Forest flame lily-of-the-valley	C, F	<i>Rhododendron kerume</i>	Coral bells azalea	C, F
<i>Pinus mugo</i>	Mugo-mugho pine	C, F		Hino crimson azalea	C, F
<i>Pittosporum tobira</i>	Green pittosporum	C, F		Hino pink azalea	C, F
	Wheeler's dwarf pittosporum	C, F		Mildred azalea	C, F
<i>Plumbago ariculata</i>	Blue cape plumbago	F		Snow azalea	C, F
<i>Plumbago capensis</i>	Plumbago	C, F	<i>Rhododendron maximum</i>	Rhodie max (rosebay)	C, F
<i>Podocarpus macrophyllus</i>	Yewpine	C, F	<i>Rhododendron mucronulatum</i>	Rhododendron	F
<i>Polystichum polyblepharum</i>	Tassel fern	C, F	<i>Rhododendron obtusum</i>	Hino-crimson azalea	C, F
<i>Potentilla fragiformis</i>	Cinquefoil	F	<i>Rhododendron ponticum</i>	Chioniodes rhododendron	C, F
<i>Potentilla fruticosa</i>	Cinquefoil	C, F	<i>Rhododendron ponticum</i>	Daphnoides rhododendron	C, F
	Gold drop potentilla	F	<i>Rhododendron racemosum</i>	Dwarf scarlet wonder	C, F
	Goldfinger potentilla	C, F		rhododendron	
	Red ace potentilla	C, F		Tribly rhododendron	C, F
	Sunset potentilla	C, F		Unique rhododendron	C, F
	Tangerine potentilla	C, F		Vulcan rhododendron	C, F
<i>Potentilla verna</i>	Spring cinquefoil	C, F	<i>Rhododendron sassthigiatim x carolinianum</i>	Ramapo rhododendron	C, F
<i>Prunus glandulosa</i>	Dwarf pink flowering almond	C, F	<i>Rhododendron satuksi</i>	Gumpo pink azalea	C, F
<i>Pyracantha fortuneana</i>	Lolendei Monrovia pyracantha	C, F		Higasa azalea	F
	Monon pyracantha	F		Reijn azalea	C, F
	Red elf hybrid pyracantha	F	<i>Rhododendron</i> spp. hybrids	Carror azalea	C, F
	Rutgers hybrid pyracantha	C, F		Fashion azalea	C, F
	Santa Cruz pyracantha	C, F		Gerard Christina azalea	F
	Victory pyracantha	F		Girard Roberta azalea	C, F
<i>Raphiolepis indica</i>	Charisma-Monruce raphiolepis	C, F		Golden flare exbury azalea	F
	Enchantress-Moness raphiolepis	F		Helmut vogel azalea	F
	Raphiolepis (India hawthorn)	C, F		Hersey red azalea	F
	Springtime-Monme raphiolepis	F		Hot shot azalea	C, F
<i>Raphiolepis ovata</i>	Roundleaf raphiolepis	C, F		Hume azalea	F
<i>Rhododendron calendulaceum</i>	Cannon's double azalea	C, F		Inga azalea	F
	Flame azalea	F		Irene Koster azalea	C, F
	Golden flare azalea	C, F		President Clay azalea	C, F
	Klondike azalea	C, F		Tradition azalea	C, F
<i>Rhododendron campylocarpum</i>	Butterfly rhododendron	F	<i>Rhus lancea</i>	Sumac, African	C, F
<i>Rhododendron carolinianum x daurium</i>	PJM rhododendron	C, F	<i>Rosa rugosa</i>	Ramanas rose	C, F
<i>Rhododendron catawbiense</i>	Catawba album rhododendron	C, F	<i>Rosmarinus officinalis</i>	Rosemary	F
	Catawba rhododendron	C, F	<i>Senecio cineraria</i>	Dusty-miller/silver ragweed	C, F
	Lord Roberts rhododendron	C, F	<i>Skimmia japonica</i>	Japanese skimmia	C, F
	Rocket rhododendron	C, F	<i>Skimmia revesiana</i>	Reeve's skimmia	C, F
<i>Rhododendron caucasicum x ponticum</i>	Cuninham White rhododendron	C, F	<i>Spiraea bumalda</i>	Anthony Waterer spiraea	C, F
<i>Rhododendron exbury</i>	Cannon's double azalea	C, F	<i>Spiraea japonica</i>	Dolchia spiraea	C, F
	golden flare azalea	C, F		Japanese alpine spiraea	C, F
	Klondike azalea	C, F	<i>Spiraea vanhouttei</i>	Shirobana spiraea	C, F
<i>Rhododendron forrestii repens</i>	Gomer Waterer rhododendron	C, F	<i>Syringa rothomagensis</i>	Bridal wreath	C, F
<i>Rhododendron forrestii x griersonianum</i>	Elizabeth rhododendron	C, F	<i>Syringa vulgaris</i>	Chinese lilac	C, F
<i>Rhododendron griffithianum</i>	Jean Marie rhododendron	C, F	<i>Taxus cuspidata</i>	Lilac, common	F
<i>Rhododendron hybrid spp.</i>	America rhododendron	C, F	<i>Tecomaria capensis</i>	Yew, Japanese	F
	English Roseum rhododendron	F		Cape honeysuckle	C, F
	Nova Zembla rhododendron	C, F	<i>Ternstroemia gymnanthera</i>	Ternstroemia, Japanese	C, F
	Scintillation rhododendron	C, F	<i>Thuja occidentalis</i>	Emerald arborvitae	C, F
<i>Rhododendron impeditum</i>	Rhododendron	C, F		Globosa-globe arborvitae	C, F
<i>Rhododendron indica</i>	Formosa azalea	C, F		Little giant-dwarf arborvitae	C, F
<i>Rhododendron indica</i>	Waucabusa azalea	C, F		Nigra-dark American arborvitae	C, F
<i>Rhododendron kaempferi</i>	Blue danube azalea	C, F		Pyramidalis arborvitae	C, F
				Rheingold arborvitae	C, F
				Techny arborvitae	F

<i>Thuja occidentalis</i>	Woodwardii arborvitae	C, F
<i>Thuja orientalis</i>	Aureus nana-dwarf golden arborvitae	C, F
	Minima glauca-dwarf arborvitae	C, F
<i>Veitchia merrilli</i>	Christmas palm	F
<i>Viburnum bodnantense</i>	Pink dawn viburnum	C, F
<i>Viburnum carlesii</i>	Koreanspice viburnum	C, F
<i>Viburnum davidii</i>	David viburnum	C, F
<i>Viburnum japonicum</i>	Viburnum	F
<i>Viburnum judd (v. X juddii)</i>	Viburnum	C, F
<i>Viburnum lantana</i>	Wayfaring tree	F
<i>Viburnum opulus sterile</i>	Common snowball viburnum	F
<i>Viburnum plicatum tomentosum</i>	Doublefile viburnum	C, F
<i>Viburnum setigerum</i>	Tea viburnum	F
<i>Viburnum tinus compactum</i>	Spring bouquet viburnum	F
<i>Viburnum trilobum</i>	Cranberry bush	C, F
<i>Viburnum trilobum compactum</i>	Dwarf cranberry bush	C, F
<i>Viburnum x pragense</i>	Viburnum	C, F
<i>Weigela florida</i>	Bristol ruby weigela	C, F
	Java red weigela	C, F
	Minuet weigela	C, F
<i>Xylosma congestum</i>	Xylosma	F
<i>Yucca filamentosa</i>	Yucca	C, F

<i>Hosta lancifolia</i>	Albo-marginata hosta	C, F
<i>Hypericum spp.</i>	St. Johnswort	C, F
<i>Jasminum nitidum</i>	Angelwing jasmine	C, F
<i>Lampranthus spectabilis</i>	Trailing iceplant	F
<i>Leptospermum scoparium</i>	Broom teatree/manuka	C, F
<i>Limonium perezii</i>	Statice	C, F
<i>Liriope gigantea</i>	White lily turf	C, F
<i>Liriope muscari</i>	Lilac beauty lily turf	C, F
	Majestic lily turf	C, F
	Monroe white lily turf	C, F
	Silvery sunproof lily turf	C, F
	Variegated liriope lily turf	C, F
	Big blue lily turf	C, F
<i>Liriope spicata</i>	green/creeping lily turf	C, F
<i>Lonicera japonica</i>	Honeysuckle, Japanese	F
<i>Lysimachia punctata</i>	Dotted loosestrife	C, F
<i>Miscanthus sinensis</i>	Eulalia grass	C, F
<i>Ophiopogon japonicus</i>	Dwarf Mondo grass	C, F
	Mondo grass	C, F
<i>Pachysandra terminalis</i>	Japanese spurge	C, F
<i>Pennisetum alopecuroides</i>	Fountain grass	C, F
<i>Pennisetum setaceum</i>	Chrimson fountaingrass	C, F
<i>Petunia-hybrids</i>	Garden petunias	C, F
<i>Phalaris arundinacea picta</i>	Ribbon grass	C, F
<i>Rudbeckia fulgida</i>	Blackeyed Susan	C, F
<i>Rudbeckia hirta</i>	Blackeyed Susan	C, F
<i>Trachelospermum asiaticum</i>	Asian jasmine	C, F
<i>Tulbaghia violacea</i>	Society garlic	C, F
<i>Vinca major</i>	Periwinkle, bigleaf	C, F
<i>Vinca minor</i>	Periwinkle, dwarf	F
<i>Vinca spp.</i>	Periwinkle	F

Groundcovers/Perennials Recommended Treatment Method:
C = Container Grown
F = Field Grown

Scientific Name	Common Name	
<i>Achillea millefolium</i>	Common yarrow	C, F
<i>Agapanthus africanus</i>	Lily of the Nile	C, F
<i>Asparagus retrofractus</i>	(No common name)	C, F
<i>Asparagus varieiegata</i>	Tree fern	C, F
<i>Ammophila breviligulata</i>	Beechgrass	C, F
<i>Arctotheca calendula</i>	Cape weed	F
<i>Aster novae-angliae</i>	New England aster	C, F
<i>Aster novi-belgii</i>	New York aster	C, F
<i>Callistephus chinensis</i>	China aster	C, F
<i>Carex spp.</i>	Variegated carex	C, F
<i>Carpobrotus edulis</i>	Ice plant, largeleaf (see label)	F
<i>Chrysanthemum moriflorum</i>	Florist's chrysanthemum	C, F
<i>Chrysanthemum sp.</i>	Chrysanthemum species	C, F
<i>Coreopsis verticillata</i>	Coreopsis, threadleaf	C, F
<i>Cortaderia selloana</i>	Pampas grass	C, F
<i>Cuphea hyssopifolia</i>	False or Mexican heather	C, F
<i>Delosperma alba</i>	White iceplant	F
<i>Descampsia caespitosa</i>	Descampsia	C, F
<i>Dietes vegeta</i>	Fortnight lily	C, F
<i>Drosanthemum floribundum</i>	Trailing rosea iceplant	F
<i>Drosanthemum hispidum</i>	Iceplant	C, F
<i>Echinacea purpurea</i>	Purple coneflower	C, F
<i>Erianthus ravennae</i>	Hardy pampasgrass	C, F
<i>Festuca ovina glauca</i>	Blue fescue	C, F
<i>Gaillardia aristata</i>	Blanket flower	C, F
<i>Gazania rigens leucolaena</i>	Gazania, trailing	C, F
<i>Gazania spp.</i>	Gazania	C, F
<i>Hakonechloa macroaureola</i>	Golden hakonechloa	C, F
<i>Hedera canariensis</i>	Ivy, Algerian	F
<i>Hedera helix</i>	Ivy, English	C, F
<i>Hemerocallis spp.</i>	Daylily	C, F
<i>Heuchera micrantha</i>	Coral bells	C, F

Non-bearing Fruit and Nut Tree and Non-bearing Vineyards[†] Recommended Treatment Method:
C = Container Grown
F = Field Grown

Common Name	
almond	F
apple	F
apricot	F
avocado	F
blackberry	F
blueberry	F
boysenberry	F
cherry, sour	F
cherry, sweet	F
currant	F
dewberry	F
elderberry	F
fig	F
filbert	F
gooseberry	F
grape, American	F
grape, European	F
grapefruit	F
kiwi	F
lemon	F
loganberry	F
macadamia nut	F

nectarine	F
olive	F
orange	F
peach	F
pear	F
pecan	F
pistachio	F
plum	F
pomegranate	F
prune	F
raspberry	F
walnut, black	F
walnut, English	F

†Non-bearing fruit and nut trees and non-bearing vineyards are defined as plants which will not bear fruit for at least one year after treatment.

Ornamental Bulbs

Do not use Snapshot 2.5 TG in bulb production fields. For use in landscape settings only.

Snapshot 2.5 TG may be applied for control of susceptible annual weeds in ornamental bulbs, e.g., bulbous iris, daffodil (narcissus), hyacinth and tulip. Apply Snapshot 2.5 TG to the soil surface 2 to 4 weeks after planting, but prior to the emergence of annual weeds. Snapshot 2.5 TG may also be applied following bulb emergence but prior to flowering and after flowering. For fall planted bulbs, apply Snapshot 2.5 TG again in late winter or early spring to weed-free soil surfaces.

Special Use Precautions:

Do not apply to tulip plants that have emerged to a height greater than 3/4 inch.

Do not apply to gladiolus prior to emergence or if corms are less than one inch in diameter.

Do not apply to bulbs while they are flowering.

Shadehouse Areas

Snapshot 2.5 TG may be applied in open shadehouse-type structures where the natural flow of air is unimpeded. Do not apply in enclosed greenhouses or in enclosed shadehouse-type structures. Do not apply within three weeks prior to enclosing greenhouse or poly-type structures.

Noncropland

Snapshot 2.5 TG is recommended as a preemergence treatment for control of certain broadleaf weeds and annual grasses on non-cropland areas such as industrial sites, utility substations, highway guardrails, sign posts, delineators, etc. Apply Snapshot 2.5 TG anytime prior to germination of target weeds. Areas to be treated should be free of established weeds or existing weeds should be controlled with postemergence herbicides.

Refer to the "General Information" section of this label for General Use Precautions and information on Application, Application Rates, and Weeds Controlled.

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Inherent Risks of Use

It is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with use of this product. Plant injury, lack of performance, or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as use of the product contrary to label instructions (including conditions noted on the label, such as unfavorable temperature, soil conditions, etc.), abnormal conditions (such as excessive rainfall, drought, tornadoes, hurricanes), presence of other materials, the manner of application, or other factors, all of which are beyond the control of Dow AgroSciences or the seller. All such risks shall be assumed by buyer.

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1. Refund of purchase price paid by buyer or user for product bought, or
2. Replacement of amount of product used.

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Revisions:

1. **Precautionary Statements:** Revised First Aid statement text in accordance with new EPA requirements.
2. **Directions for Use:** (1) Added comment regarding accidental application to turfgrasses adjacent to ornamental plantings. (2) Expanded listing of ornamental plant species (39 new tree, shrub and perennial/ground cover species added) in which Snapshot 2.5 TG may be applied at labeled rates.